

Writer 6.4 Guide

Chapter 20 Setting up Writer

Choosing options to suit the way you work

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Note

Everything you send to a mailing list, including your email address and any other personal information that is written in the message, is publicly archived and cannot be deleted.

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Note for macOS users

Some keystrokes and menu items are different on macOS from those used in Windows and Linux. The table below gives some common substitutions for the instructions in this book. For a more detailed list, see the application Help.

Windows or Linux	macOS equivalent	Effect
Tools > Options menu selection	LibreOffice > Preferences	Access setup options
Right-click	Control+click and/or right-click depending on computer setup	Open a context menu
Ctrl (Control)	♯ (Command)	Used with other keys
F11	瑞+T	Open the sidebar Styles deck

Contents

Copyright	2
Contributors	2
To this edtion	
To previous editions	
Feedback	
Publication date and software version	
Note for macOS users	2
Introduction	4
Choosing options for all of LibreOffice	4
User data	4
View options	4
Print options	4
Paths options	5
Fonts options	
Security options	6
Application colors	
Choosing options for loading and saving documents	7
General	
Microsoft Office	
HTML compatibility	
Choosing Writer-specific options	
General options	
View options	
Formatting Aids options	
Grid options	
Print options	
Table options	
Changes options	
Comparison options	
Compatibility options	
AutoCaption options	
Mail Merge E-mail options	
Choosing language settings	
Install the required dictionaries	
Change some locale and language settings	
Sentence checking	
Choose spelling and grammar options	
English sentence checking	19

Introduction

This chapter briefly presents some of the setup options found under **Tools > Options** on the Menu bar. Additional options, and more details about the ones given here, are covered in the Help and in Chapter 2, Setting up LibreOffice, in the *Getting Started* Guide.

Several of the most relevant options are discussed in other chapters of this book, in the context of tasks where they are most applicable.



Many options are intended for power users and programmers. If you don't understand what an option does, it's usually best to leave it on the default setting unless instructions in this book recommend changing the setting.

Choosing options for all of LibreOffice

This section covers some of the settings that apply to all the components of LibreOffice (Writer, Calc, Impress, Draw, Math, and Base) and that are particularly important when using Writer.

To navigate to options that govern all LibreOffice components, click **Tools > Options** (**LibreOffice > Preferences** on macOS), and then click the marker (+ or triangle) by LibreOffice on the left-hand side. A list of pages drops down. Select an item in the list to display the relevant page on the right-hand side of the dialog.



The **Reset** button (located in the lower part of any page of the Options dialog) resets the values on that page to the values that were in place when you opened the dialog.

If you are using a version of LibreOffice other than US English, some field labels may be different from those shown in the illustrations.

User data

Because Writer can use the name or initials stored in the *LibreOffice – User Data* page for several things, including document properties ('created by' and 'last edited by' information), the name of the author of comments and changes, and the sender address in mailing lists, you will want to ensure that the correct information appears here. If you do not want user data to be part of the document's properties, deselect Use data for document properties.

View options

The options on the *LibreOffice – View* page affect how the document window looks and behaves. Set them to suit your personal preferences. For details, see the Help or Chapter 2, Setting up LibreOffice, in the *Getting Started* Guide.

Print options

On the *LibreOffice – Print* page, set the print options to suit your default printer and your most common printing method.

In the *Warnings* section on the right side of the page, you can choose whether to be warned if the paper size or orientation specified in your document does not match the paper size or orientation available for your printer. Having these warnings turned on can be quite helpful, particularly if you work with documents produced by people in other countries where the standard paper size is different from yours.

Settings for				
O Printer				
Print to file				
Defaults	Warnings			
Convert colors to grayscale	Paper size			
Include transparent objects	Paper orientation			
	Transparency			
Reduce Bitmaps	Reduce Gradient			
☐ Reduce bitmaps	Reduce gradient			
O Resolution: 200 DPI (default) 🗘	Gradient stripes: 64			
 Normal print quality 	Intermediate color			
High print quality				
Reduce Transparency				
Reduce transparency				
Automatically				
O No transparency				

Figure 1: Choosing general printing options to apply to all LibreOffice components



If your printouts are incorrectly placed on the page or chopped off at the top, bottom, or sides, or the printer is refusing to print, a likely cause is incorrect page size in printer settings.

Paths options

On the LibreOffice – Paths page, you can change the location of files associated with, or used by, LibreOffice to suit your needs. For example, you might want to store documents by default somewhere other than My Documents. Multiple paths are possible.

Fonts options

If you receive a document containing fonts that you do not have on your system, LibreOffice will use substitute fonts for those it does not find. On the LibreOffice - Fonts page, you can specify a font different from the one the program chooses.



Liberation fonts (Serif, Sans, and Mono) are often good choices to substitute for Times, Arial, and Courier.



Note

The Font Options choices do not affect the default fonts for your documents. To change them, you need to create a new default template for Writer documents, as described in Chapter 10, Working with Templates.

Security options

Use the *LibreOffice – Security* page to choose security options for saving documents and for opening documents that contain macros. For information on the options not mentioned here, refer to the Help or to the *Getting Started Guide*.

Security Options and Warnings

If you record changes, save multiple versions, or include hidden information or notes in your documents, and you do not want some recipients to see that information, you can set warnings to remind you to remove it, or you can have LibreOffice remove some of it automatically. Note that unless the information is removed, much of it is retained even when the file has been saved to other formats, including PDF.

Click the **Options** button to open a separate dialog with several options, including:

Remove personal information on saving

Select this option to always remove user data from the file properties when saving the file. To save personal information with documents and still be able to manually remove personal information only from specific documents, do not select this option.

Ctrl-click required to open hyperlinks

The default behavior in LibreOffice is that using *Ctrl+click* a hyperlink opens the linked document or website. This is because many people find writing and editing documents easier when accidental clicks on links do not activate the links. To set LibreOffice to activate hyperlinks using just an ordinary click, deselect this option.

Application colors

Writing, editing, and (especially) page layout are often easier when you can see the page margins (text boundaries), the boundaries of tables and sections, grid lines, and other features. In addition, you might prefer to use colors that are different from LibreOffice's defaults.

On the *LibreOffice – Application colors* page (Figure 2), you can specify which user interface elements are visible and the colors used to display them.

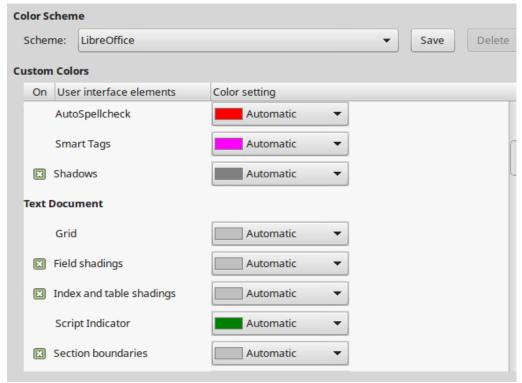


Figure 2: Showing or hiding text, object, and table boundaries

- To show or hide items such as text boundaries, select or deselect the boxes in the On column next to the names of the elements.
- To change the default colors for a specific element, click the down-arrow in the Color setting column by the name of the element and select a color from the drop-down list.
- To save your color changes as a color scheme, click **Save**, type a name in the *Scheme* box, and then click **OK**.



Note

To change the color settings used in Track Changes mode, go to **Tools > Options > LibreOffice Writer > Changes**.

Choosing options for loading and saving documents

You can set the options for loading and saving documents to suit the way you work.

If the Options dialog is not already open, click **Tools > Options**. Click the expansion symbol (+ or triangle) to the left of Load/Save.

General

Most of the choices on the *Load/Save – General* page (Figure 3) are familiar to users of other office suites. Some items of interest are described below.

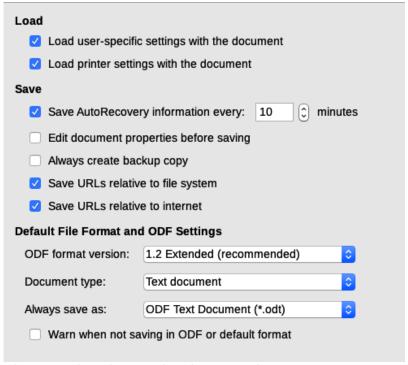


Figure 3: Choosing Load and Save options

Load user-specific settings with the document

When a LibreOffice document is saved, certain settings from the user's system are saved with it. When the document is opened on another user's system, it will use the settings saved from the previous user's system. Deselecting this option causes the current user's settings to override the settings previously saved with the document.

Even if you deselect this option, some settings are always loaded with the document:

- Settings available in File > Print > Options.
- Spacing options for paragraphs before text tables.
- Information about automatic updating for links, field functions, and charts.
- Information about working with Asian character formats.



Note

The settings for any data sources linked to a document are always loaded with the document, whether or not Load user-specific settings with the document is selected.

Load printer settings with the document

If this option is enabled, the printer settings of the previous user will be loaded with the document. In an office setting, this may cause a document to be printed on a distant network printer unless the printer is manually changed in the Print dialog. If disabled, the current user's default printer will be used to print the document. The current printer settings will be stored with the document whether or not this option is selected.

Save AutoRecovery information every __ minutes

Choose whether to enable AutoRecovery and how often to save the information used by the AutoRecovery process. AutoRecovery in LibreOffice saves the information needed to restore all open documents in case of a crash. If you have this option set, recovering your document after a system crash will be easier.

Edit document properties before saving

If this option is selected, the document's Properties dialog pops up to prompt you to enter relevant information the first time you save a new document (or whenever you use Save As).

Always create backup copy

Saves the previously-saved version of a document as a backup copy in a separate folder whenever you save a document. When LibreOffice creates a new backup copy, the previous backup copy is replaced. To see or change the backup folder, go to **Tools > Options > LibreOffice > Paths**. When opening a backup file, you will be prompted to specify the program to open it with; choose LibreOffice.



Authors whose work may be very lengthy should always consider enabling LibreOffice to create an automatic backup copy.

Save URLs relative to file system / to internet

Use these options to select the default for relative addressing of URLs in the file system and on the Internet. For details, see Chapter 2, Setting up LibreOffice, in the *Getting Started* Guide.

Default File Format and ODF Settings

ODF format version: LibreOffice by default saves documents in OpenDocument Format (ODF) version 1.2 Extended. You will rarely need to change this for compatibility when exchanging files with other people.

Document type: If you routinely share documents with users of Microsoft Word, you might want to change the *Always save as* option to one of the Word formats. However, you can choose a Word format when you save any individual file.

Microsoft Office

On the Load/Save – Microsoft Office page, you can choose what to do when importing and exporting Microsoft Office OLE objects (linked or embedded objects or documents such as equations or spreadsheets): convert them into or from the corresponding LibreOffice OLE object or load and save them in their original format.

HTML compatibility

Choices made on the *Load/Save – HTML Compatibility* page (not shown) affect HTML pages imported into LibreOffice and those exported from LibreOffice. See HTML documents; HTML import and export in the Help, and Chapter 2, , in the Getting Started Guide, for more information.

Choosing Writer-specific options

Settings chosen in the LibreOffice Writer section of the Options dialog determine how Writer documents look and behave while you are working on them.

If the Options dialog is not already open, choose **Tools > Options**. Click the marker (+ or triangle) by LibreOffice Writer on the left side of the dialog.

General options

The choices on the *LibreOffice Writer – General* page affect the updating of links and fields, the units used for rulers and other measurements, and the default tab stop positions.

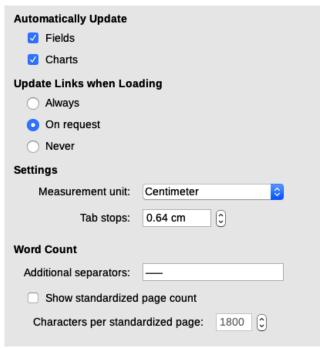


Figure 4: Choosing general options for Writer

Automatically Update [Fields and Charts]

You may not want fields or charts to update automatically while you are working, because that slows down performance. Alternatively, you may want automatic updates if you are referring to information in the fields or charts.

Update Links when Loading

Depending on your work patterns, you may not want links to be updated when you load a document. For example, if your file links to other files on a network, you won't want those links to try to update when you are not connected to the network.

Settings - Measurement unit

Document designers recommend using points as the default measurement because you can easily relate things like font size to things like indents and tabs.

Settings – Tab stops

The Tab stops setting specifies the distance the cursor travels for each press of the *Tab* key. This setting is also used for the indent distance applied by the **Increase Indent** and **Decrease Indent** buttons on the Formatting Toolbar, which affect the indentation of entire paragraphs.



To avoid unwanted changes, do not rely on default tab settings. Rather, define your own tabs in paragraph styles or individual paragraphs (see "Setting tab stops and indents" in Chapter 4, Formatting Text).

Word Count - Additional separators

For counting words, specifies the characters that are considered to separate words, in addition to spaces, tabs, line breaks, and paragraph breaks.

Word Count - Show standardized page count

Editors and publishers often define a "standard" page as containing a specified number of characters or words; this field allows quick calculation of the number of these pages.

View options

Two pages of options set the defaults for viewing Writer documents: *View* (described here) and *Formatting Aids* (described below). *View* is a good page to check if, for example, you cannot see graphics on the screen.



Figure 5: Choosing View options for Writer

Enabling **Helplines While Moving** helps to precisely position a drawing object on a page. When enabled, horizontal and vertical parallel lines appear that are the height and width of the object. These lines extend across the complete working area as the object is moved.



If you have inserted a field but do not see the text or number you expect, uncheck **Field codes** here. Example: *Date (fixed)* appears on the screen when **Field codes** is enabled, while *21/07/17* appears when it is disabled.

Formatting Aids options

On the *LibreOffice Writer – Formatting Aids* page (Figure 6), select the desired options.

The Display formatting options determine which symbols show when you select View > Formatting Marks from the Menu bar or the Formatting Marks icon on the Standard toolbar. Symbols such as paragraph ends and tabs can help in writing, editing, and page layout. For example, they can show if there are any blank paragraphs or if any tables or graphics are too wide and intrude into the margins of the page.



Note

Direct cursor lets you enter text, images, tables, frames, and other objects in any blank area in your document. Writer then inserts blank paragraphs, tabs, spaces and so on to position the text or objects. However, this feature can lead to many formatting oddities and is incompatible with rigorous use of styles, so it should be avoided.

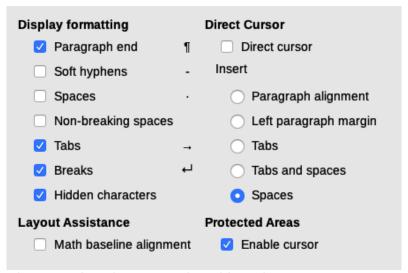


Figure 6: Choosing Formatting Aids options

Grid options

Snap to grid automatically moves an object to the nearest gridlines. This can be very helpful when you are trying to align several objects such as graphics or tables.

On the LibreOffice Writer – Grid page, you can choose whether to enable this feature and what grid intervals to use. If the grid intervals (subdivisions) are too large, you may find that you do not have enough control in placing the objects.

Print options

On the LibreOffice Writer – Print page, you can choose which items are printed with a Writer document by default. These options are in addition to the general options for all LibreOffice components on the *LibreOffice – Print* page (see page 4).



You can override any of these defaults when printing a specific document. Click File > **Print**, then use the options on the various pages of the Print dialog.

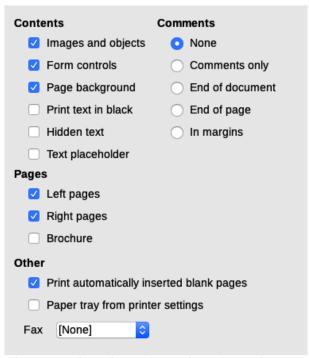


Figure 7: Choosing Print options for Writer

Some considerations:

- When you are working on drafts and you want to save printer ink or toner, you might want to deselect some of the items in the *Contents* section.
- The Print text in black option causes color text (but not graphics) to print as black on a color printer; on a black-and-white printer, this option causes color text to print as solid black instead of shades of gray (dithered).
- By comparison, the Convert colors to grayscale option on the *Options LibreOffice Print* page (Figure 1), prints all text and graphics as grayscale on color printers. (On black-and-white printers, color in graphics normally prints as grayscale.)
- If you are printing double-sided on a non-duplexing printer, you might choose to print only left or right pages, then turn the stack over and print the other pages.

Table options

On the *LibreOffice Writer – Table* page (Figure 8), you can specify the default behavior of tables. See the Help or Chapter 13, Tables of Data, for more information.

Some considerations:

- If most of your tables will require borders or headings, you may wish to select those
 options. If most of your tables are used for page layout, deselect Border and Heading.
- Select **Do not split** to prevent tables from being split across pages. Number recognition
 can be very useful if most of your tables contain numerical data. Writer will recognize dates
 or currency, for example, and format the numbers appropriately. However, if you want the
 numbers to remain as ordinary text, this feature can be quite irritating, so you may want to
 deselect it.
- The *Keyboard Handling* section specifies the distances that cells move when you use keyboard shortcuts to move them and the size of rows and columns inserted using keyboard shortcuts. If you don't use keyboard shortcuts for this purpose, you can ignore these settings. See the Help for more information.

The Behavior of rows/columns section specifies the effects that changes to rows or columns have on adjacent rows or columns and the entire table. You might need to test these selections to fully understand the effects.

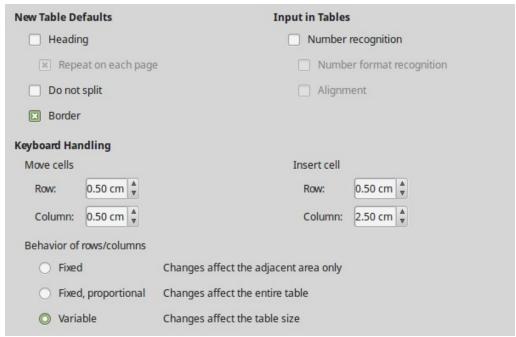


Figure 8: Choosing default Table options

Changes options

If you plan to use the change-tracking feature of Writer (described in Chapter 3, Working with Text: Advanced), use the LibreOffice Writer - Changes page to choose the way changes to text and formatting are marked. Change bars can show wherever a change has been made to a line of text and are formatted under Lines Changed.

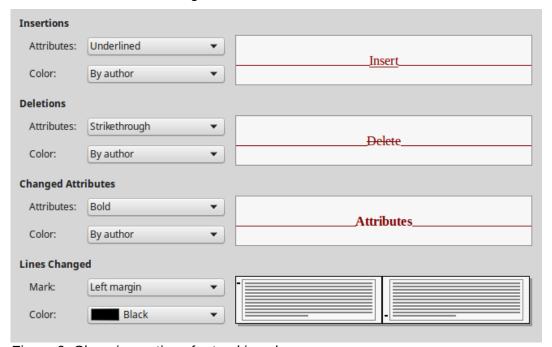


Figure 9: Choosing options for tracking changes

Comparison options

The options on the *LibreOffice Writer – Comparison* page determine the level of detail used by the Compare Document feature (**Edit > Track Changes > Compare Document**), described in Chapter 3, Working with Text: Advanced.

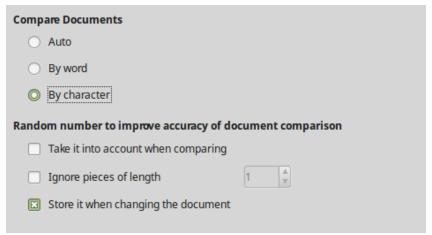


Figure 10: Options for comparing documents

Compatibility options

The settings on the *LibreOffice Writer – Compatibility* page (Figure 11) are used mainly when importing documents from Microsoft Word. If you are not sure about the effects of these settings, leave them as the defaults provided by LibreOffice. For information about settings that are not described below, see the Help. All settings selected will apply only to the current document, unless you select the **Use as Default** button at the bottom.

Compatibility options for "WG6420-SettingUpWriter_JHW_14Jun2020"			
Use printer metrics for document formatting			
 Add spacing between paragraphs and tables 			
 Add paragraph and table spacing at tops of pages 			
Use OpenOffice.org 1.1 tabstop formatting			
Do not add leading (extra space) between lines of text			
Use OpenOffice.org 1.1 line spacing			
✓ Add paragraph and table spacing at bottom of table cells			
Use OpenOffice.org 1.1 object positioning			
Use OpenOffice.org 1.1 text wrapping around objects			
Consider wrapping style when positioning objects			
Expand word space on lines with manual line breaks in justified paragraphs			
Protect form (no longer protects whole document. Insert write protected section instead)			
Word-compatible trailing blanks			
✓ Tolerate white lines of PDF page backgrounds for compatibility with old documents			
Hide paragraphs of database fields (e.g., mail merge) with an empty value			
	Use as Default		
Global compatibility options			
Reorganize Form menu to have it MS compatible			

Figure 11: Choosing compatibility options

Use printer metrics for document formatting

If this option is selected, the printer specified for the document determines how the document is formatted for viewing on screen. The line breaks and paragraph breaks you see on screen match those that apply when the document is printed on that printer. If this option is not selected, a printer-independent layout will be used for screen display and printing.

This setting can be useful when several people are reviewing a document that will eventually be printed on a specific printer or when the document is exported to PDF. It is most useful with PostScript printers.

Add spacing between paragraphs and tables

Paragraph spacing is treated differently in LibreOffice Writer than it is in Microsoft Word. If you have defined spacing between paragraphs or tables in LibreOffice, this spacing is added to the spacing defined in Microsoft Word. This only affects the current document.

If this option is selected, Microsoft Word-compatible spacing is added between paragraphs and tables in LibreOffice Writer documents.

Add paragraph and table spacing at tops of pages

You can define paragraphs and tables to have space appear before (above) them. If this option is selected, any space above a paragraph will also appear if the paragraph is at the beginning of a page or column, or if the paragraph is positioned on the first page of the document, or after a manual page break. This only affects the current document.

If you import a Microsoft Word document, the spaces are automatically added during the conversion.

Add paragraph and table spacing at bottom of table cells

Specifies that the bottom spacing is added to a paragraph, even when it is the last paragraph in a table cell.

Use as Default

Click this button to use the settings on this page as the default in Writer.

AutoCaption options

LibreOffice can automatically insert captions for tables, pictures, frames, and OLE objects in a Writer document. To set this up, use the options on the LibreOffice Writer > AutoCaption page. Select the object you want to be automatically captioned (LibreOffice Writer Image in Figure 12). With the item highlighted, specify the characteristics of the caption.

The categories supplied for captions are Drawing, Illustration, Table, and Text. To use another name (for example, Figure) for the caption label, type the required term in the Category box.



Note

You may not want captions for every table, for example if you use tables for layout as well as for tables of data. You can always add captions to individual tables, graphics, or other objects (right-click > Insert Caption).

Information about numbering captions by chapter, character styles, frame styles, and other items on the *AutoCaption* page is given in other chapters in this book.

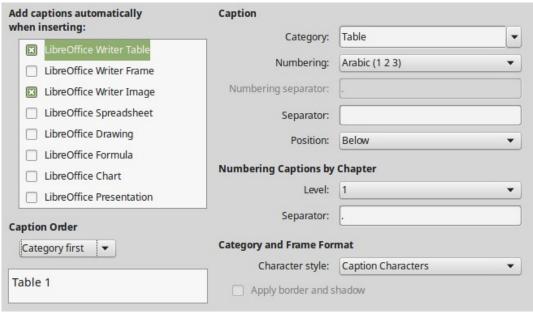


Figure 12: Setting up automatic captions

Mail Merge E-mail options

Using a data source such as an address book, Writer can insert personal, address, and other information into form letters. These documents can be printed for mailing or they can be e-mailed through Writer. (See Chapter 14, Mail Merge, for details.)

Use the *LibreOffice Writer – Mail Merge E-mail* page to set up the user and server information for sending form letters by e-mail. If you are not sure what information to put in any of the fields, consult your e-mail program or your internet service provider.

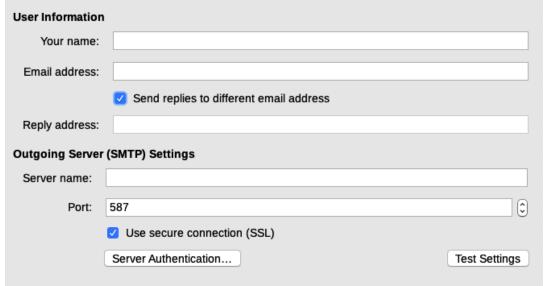


Figure 13: Specifying settings for use when emailing mail-merged form letters

Choosing language settings

You may need to do several things to get the language settings you want:

- Install the required dictionaries.
- Change some locale and language settings.
- Choose spelling and grammar options.

Install the required dictionaries

LibreOffice automatically installs many language modules with the program. A language module can contain up to three submodules: spelling dictionary, hyphenation dictionary, and thesaurus. These are usually referred to as "dictionaries" in Writer.

To add other dictionaries, be sure you are connected to the Internet, and then choose **Tools > Language > More Dictionaries Online** on the Menu bar. LibreOffice will open your default web browser to a page containing links to additional dictionaries that you can install. Follow the prompts to select and install the ones you want.

Change some locale and language settings

You can change some details of the locale and language settings that LibreOffice uses for all documents or for specific documents. See the Help for details on all these options.

In the Options dialog, click the expansion symbol (+ sign or triangle) by Language Settings and choose Languages.

On the right-hand side of the *Language Settings – Languages* page (Figure 14), change the settings as required. In the example, English (USA) has been chosen for all the appropriate settings, but you could choose a mixture of languages. For example, if you were working in Germany, you might prefer the user interface to be in English (USA), but German (Germany) for the Locale setting, which influences settings for numbering, currency, and units of measure.

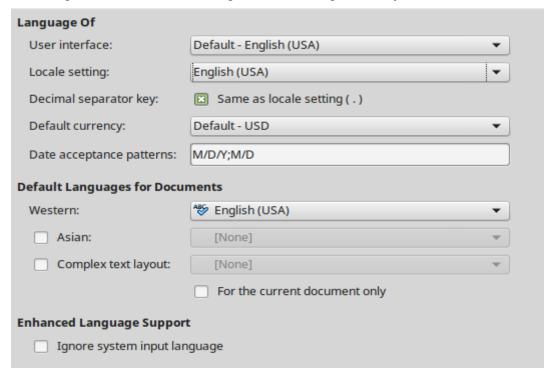


Figure 14: Choosing language options

If you want the language setting to apply to the current document only, instead of being the default for all new documents, select For the current document only.

Changes to the system input language/keyboard normally affect text typed into a document after the change. If you do not want this to happen, select **Ignore system input language**; new text will then continue to follow the language of the document or the paragraph, not the system language.

If necessary, select the options to enable support for Asian languages (Chinese, Japanese, Korean) and support for CTL (complex text layout) languages such as Hindi, Thai, Hebrew, and

Arabic. If you choose either of these options, the next time you open the Options dialog, you will see some extra pages under Language Settings. These pages are not discussed here.

Sentence checking

LibreOffice can check sentences in many languages. These checkers are enabled by default if the language is the computer's default language, and others can be added using the Extension Manager (see Chapter 21, Customizing Writer). The set of rules available for the sentence checkers depends on the language.

Choose spelling and grammar options

To change the options for checking spelling and grammar, use the *Language Settings > Writing Aids* page (Figure 15).

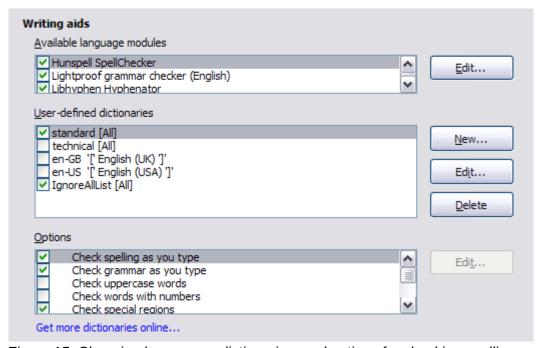


Figure 15: Choosing languages, dictionaries, and options for checking spelling

Some considerations:

- If you do not want spelling checked while you type, deselect **Check spelling as you type**. (You can over-ride this setting in a document using **Tools > Automatic Spell Checking** on the Menu bar or the **Toggle Automatic Spell Checking** icon on the Standard toolbar.)
- If you want grammar to be checked as you type, you must have Check spelling as you type enabled too.
- Check special regions means that text in headers, footers, frames, and tables are also checked when checking spelling.

Here you can also select which of the user-defined (custom) dictionaries are active, add a new custom dictionary, edit dictionaries, and delete custom dictionaries. Dictionaries installed by the system cannot be deleted.



When checking spelling, words marked "Add to Dictionary" are added by default to the Standard dictionary. Words marked "Ignore All" are added to the IgnoreAllList dictionary. See Chapter 2, Working with Text: Basics.

English sentence checking

On the Language Settings > English Sentence Checking page, you can choose which items are checked for, reported to you, or converted automatically. This menu is also found in the English dictionaries extension installed by default by LibreOffice (select Tools > Extension Manager, select English spelling dictionaries and click the Options button to reveal the menu). Select which of the optional features you wish to check. These are described in Chapter 2, Working with Text: Basics.

After selecting the additional grammar checks, you must restart LibreOffice, or reload the document, for them to take effect.